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CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.  
AGAINST ACCIDENTS OF ALL KINDS.  
Capital.....\$1,000,000.

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**DIRECTORS.**  
Trell, firm of Barley & Tyrrell; Wm.  
firm of Doggett, Bassett & Mills; E.  
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Trell, firm of J. H. Reed & Co.; D. W.  
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Freeport, Ill.; Julius H. Currier,  
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H. CURRIER, General Agent, J. B.  
General Agent, Chicago.  
Lake street, opposite Fremont House.

**ICAN INSURANCE CO.,**  
 ered by the Legislature of Ill., 1855.  
**EEPORT, ILL.,**  
 d Capital.....**\$500,000.**  
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**OFFICERS.**  
**BRIGHT, President.**  
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 e Companies are represented by  
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**J. P. NICOLS,**  
**INSURANCE AGENT,**  
Metropolitan, New York  
Capital.....\$1,000,000.  
Assets.....400,000.  
New York.

al.....\$1,000,000.  
 us.....200,000.  
**Penix, New York**  
 al.....\$1,000,000  
 us.....450,000  
**Mutual Benefit Life**  
 is.....OVER \$3,000,000.  
**OFFICE:**  
 Third street, St. Paul.  
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**INT PAUL**

**Land and Marine  
Insurance Company.**  
3d street, St. Paul, Minn.  
Capital, \$500,000!  
Buildings, Merchandise and other  
against loss or damage by Fire.  
Against the perils of Inland Navigation.  
For attention given to the Insurance of  
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**LIGHTNING INSURANCE CO**  
 and Surplus Capital  
**64,021 67!**  
 strictly FARMERS' INSURANCE

doing business in the State, and  
under protection at less cost than any  
Insurance Company in the Northwest.

**Promptly adjusted and paid**

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Huntington, Secretary.  
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LaCrosse, Wis.                      **July 23rd 1875**

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**MILLY DYE COLORS.**

Patented October 13, 1863.

**FAST**                      *Dark Green,*

PERFECT COLOURS  
 Light Green,  
 Magenta,  
 Meise,  
 Maroon,  
 Orange,  
 Pink,  
 Purple,  
 Royal Purple,  
 Salmon,  
 Scarlet,  
 Slate,  
 Solferino,  
 Violet,  
 Yellow.



Silk, Woolen and Mixed Goods,  
 Scares, Dresses, Ribbons, Gloves,  
 Hatters Hats, Feathers, Child-  
 ren's Clothing, and all the

**WINING OF 40 PER CENT.**—as  
 ents you can color as many goods as  
 ewise cost five times that sum. Vari-  
 can be produced from the same dye.  
 is simple, and any one can use the  
 perfect success. Directions in English,  
 and German, inside of each package.  
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Best Tonic in the World.

**WIDELY RECOMMENDED**

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**A PERFECT CURE**  
Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague,  
of the Stomach, Loss of Ap-  
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a disordered State of the Stomach,  
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**NONE BUT THE BEST!**  
The best can only be had by  
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MANUFACTURED BY  
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For Latest News by Telegraph, see Fourth Page.

THE PRESIDENT AND CONGRESS.

We published yesterday a highly important message of President Johnson in response to a resolution of Congress, calling for information as to the condition of the States lately in rebellion. The President declares that in all these States the authority of the Government is reestablished; that the people there have reorganized their State Governments, and are yielding a loyal and willing obedience to the laws and Government of the United States; that the Constitutional Amendment prohibiting slavery has been ratified by each of them except Mississippi; that measures are being taken in those States for the "protection" of the freedmen, and, finally, he cherishes the belief that "persecution" (it should probably read sectional) "animosity is rapidly merging itself into a spirit of nationality, and that representation [in Congress, of course] connected with a properly adjusted system of taxation, will result in a harmonious restoration of the relations of these States to the National Union."

These views are supported by a report of General Grant, giving the results of his observations in his recent southern tour, and said to be highly favorable to the full restoration of the southern people to the full privileges of citizenship. This message taken in connection with the President's dispatch to the Provisional Governor of Georgia, urging the election of U. S. Senators, and other steps implying the resumption by that State of its Federal functions, indicates a wide though not by any means a necessarily hopeless or unfriendly divergence between the views of the Executive and those of the great majority of Congress. The President thinks, or in his proprietary character as the mediator between the rebel South and the loyal North, deems it the part of a politic magnanimity to assume that the rebel States are slowly fully prepared for the resumption of their ancient prerogatives, while he prudently submits the whole question to the judgment of Congress, to whom he concedes a co-ordinate authority in the premises. Congress, on the other hand, has pretty decisively intimated, in the compromise and unanimity with which both branches adopted the substance of Stevens' resolution, that the rebel States, like the five foolish virgins, have not oil enough in their lamps to enable the national bridge over to the subject "can't come in." But there is nothing in the proceedings of Congress, to which the President concedes the final authority of the question, as there is nothing in the attitude of the President, which indicates a mediatorial that mandatory, to justify the current apprehensions of an unfriendly conflict between the President and the Republican majority of Congress upon this question, for there seems to be no disposition to revise the essential features of the President's plan of Reconstruction, and the difference is wholly one of detail. While the Radical demand further guarantees for the security of civil rights at the South, there has as yet been no development of a special method of reconstruction essentially different from the mode of procedure pursued by the President.

Indeed the method of reconstruction, whether through Provisional Government, or through experimental State Conventions, called by executive fiat, or through Territorial Governments and State Conventions authorized by enabling acts of Congress, is of little material consequence, so that, in either case, these Conventions form Constitutions in harmony with the disintegrating genius of the National Government, and providing ample securities for the equal rights of all their citizens.

But that, notwithstanding the sanguine picture which the President draws of the political condition of the lately rebel States, there is nothing in the recorded acts of their Conventions, in their legislation, or in the tone of their public sentiment, to justify his assurance that it would be safe or wise to accept their State Governments as now constituted as a final and satisfactory settlement of the vital issues at stake in the war. Congress has already pronounced with a unanimity and emphasis which leaves no doubt of its intention to insist on other conditions.

What those conditions will be it is not safe to predict till we have the report of the Concurrent Committee appointed under Stevens' resolution, which will doubtless embody the whole Reconstruction policy of Congress.

As this resolution, by its terms, assumes for Congress co-ordinate powers with the executive in the reconstruction of the rebel States, and is destined to occupy an important place in history as the initial step of Congressional legislation upon the subject, it may be well to reproduce the resolution and its history.

The original resolution was agreed upon in a caucus of the Republican members of the House on the night of Dec. 3, and was, on Dec. 5th, introduced in the House by Thaddeus Stevens, and passed by the unanimous vote of the Republican members. It was introduced in the Senate on Dec. 12th, and passed, in an amended form, by a vote of 33 to 11—Cowan and Doubtless being the only Republican Senators who voted against it.

To avoid repetition we quote the proceedings on the resolution as it passed in the Senate.

Mr. Anthony called up the House resolution of Mr. Stevens, and moved to amend so as to make it a concurrent instead of a joint resolution, and to read as follows:

Resolved (by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring), That a joint committee of 15 members shall be appointed

# THE SAINT PAUL PRESS.

VOLUME V. SAINT PAUL, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1865. NUMBER 292.

## 1865.

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## THE PEOPLE VS. THE MONOPOLY.

A correspondent elsewhere urges the calling of a convention of the merchants and shippers of the Upper Mississippi, with a view to an organization of the business interests along the river in opposition to the combination monopoly which controls all avenues of transit between the Upper Mississippi and Lake Michigan, and to make that opposition efficacious by diverting as much as possible of our trade from Milwaukee and Chicago to St. Louis.

We are in receipt of private correspondence from various influential quarters urging a similar line of action, but it has seemed to us that the preliminary movement upon this question should be made by the farmers, for it is the farmers of this and adjacent States who are chief sufferers by this iniquitous monopoly. The enormous freight rates imposed on merchandise fall not upon the merchant, but the consumer, or only indirectly and partially upon the merchant by contracting his market and diminishing his sales. The wheat shipper gets his regular commission, whatever the freight paid, though, for that matter, both merchants and shippers are wholly dependent for their business upon the caprices of the monopoly—but the entire weight of the monopoly tariff falls unerringly, whatever other class it hits or misses, upon the farmers of the Northwest. The merchants and shippers are not entirely in the power of the monopoly that few of them dare incur its resentment by taking the lead in the proposed movement, but let the farmers of Minnesota and Western Wisconsin give their universal indignation a general expression in county mass meetings—such as are being held in Illinois—let them appoint delegates to meet the merchants and shippers in convention, and thus unite the whole people in the movement to break down the monstrous combination of freight monopolists who now lord it, with the arrogance of unlimited power, over all the avenues of commerce, and we shall be able to settle definitely whether the ownership of the fruits of their industry, and of the soil and water of the Northwest, resides in a few steamboat captains or in the people.

When we shall have laid the operations of this grinding despotism in all its bearings before the people of this State, we feel assured that a call for such a convention of farmers, merchants and shippers, as is proposed, from the St. Paul Board of Trade, or any other respectable body of men, will be responded to with an eagerness and alacrity proportionate to the deep and universal popular sense of the wrong inflicted by the monopoly.

## LAMARINE'S DESTRUCTION.

The destruction of Lamarine, elsewhere printed, is a singular production. It is extravagantly egotistic, and ridiculous in its malice. The main idea is that "America belongs to Europe." His abuse of this country is attributed to his failure to respond to his annual appeals for pecuniary aid.

## RESIDENCES OF OUR CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION.

Senator Ramsey boards at the National Hotel; Senator Norton at Crutcher's, corner of B and Sixth streets; Mr. Windom at the Ebbitt House; Mr. Donnell at the National Hotel.

In the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 9th inst., on motion of Mr. W. L. Brown, Orville T. Gilman, of Minnesota, was admitted as an attorney and counselor of that court.

## MON. THOMAS CORWIN.

The telegraph announces the death of Hon. Thomas Corwin of Ohio. On Friday evening, at a supper in Washington, while entertaining the company by the relation of a humorous anecdote, he was struck with the palsy, which resulted fatally. Mr. Corwin had been in public life nearly fifty years, having been Senator and Representative in the Legislature, and Governor of Ohio. Senator and Representative in Congress, Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and Minister to Mexico, which position he resigned a short time ago. He was greatly distinguished as an orator, or more particularly as a brilliant stump speaker. His eloquence, wit and humor, rendered him one of the most popular speakers of his day. He was a native of Bourbon county, Kentucky, and was born July 29, 1794. In 1798, his parents removed to what was then the Northwestern Territory, and settled near where the town of Lebanon, Warren county Ohio, now is.

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## TRAVELER

**RAV ELEPHANT**  
**INSURANCE COMPANY**  
OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS  
PROTECTS AGAINST ACCIDENTS OF ALL KINDS  
Paid Capital.....\$2,000,000  
Surplus Capital.....\$1,000,000  
J. M. LEBRON, President

**DIRECTORS.**  
Tyrrell, firm of Burley & Tyrrell,  
firm of Doggett, Bassett  
th, Pres. Merchants S. Loan  
W. King, firm of King, Kell  
erbit, firm of J. H. Reed & C  
firm of Calver, Page & Hoy  
rier, Freeport, Ill., Julius J  
Ill., D. J. D. J. D.

US H. CURRIER, General A  
ERD, General Ticket Agent,  
94 Lake street, opposite Trem  
**AMERICAN INSURANCE**  
Chartered by the Legislature of Ill,  
**REEPOR, D**

ed Capital.....\$3  
ulated Capital, April 1st.. \$  
**OFFICERS.**  
AM BRIGHT, President.  
RLES L CURRIER, Secretary.  
CURRIER, General Agent.  
REEN C. CLARK, Adjusting A.  
RGE W. WILSON, Asst. Gen.  
Above Companies are represented by  
**F. SCHNABEL, State**  
who adjusts and settles all losses.

See with Geo. E. Schu  
el's Castle, St. Paul  
4-3m

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**M. P. NICHOL**  
**INSURANCE AG**  
Metropolitan, New  
York

Capital.....	\$1,000
Surplus.....	400
<b>Brilliant, New York</b>	
Capital.....	\$1,000
Surplus.....	300
<b>Phoenix, New York</b>	
Capital.....	\$1,000
Surplus.....	400

**Mutual Benefit Insurance Co.**  
Assets..... over \$8,000,000  
**OFFICE:**  
Third street, St. Louis  
D12-17  
**PAINT PA**  
Fire and Marine

**INSURANCE COMPANY**  
16 3d street, St. Paul,  
Capital, \$500,000  
res Buildings, Merchandise  
ty against loss or damage by Fire  
against the perils of Inland  
icular attention given to the  
Property, Isolated Dwelling

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BURBANK,	GEO. L. FA
NICOLS,	E. F. DRA
L. MERRIAM,	HORACE T
EASTMAN,	WM. F. DA
S. PRINCE,	WM. P. MU
B. BERKEY,	
BURBANK, President,	
	S. S. EATON,

**MADISON MUTUAL**  
**FIRE & LIGHTNING INSURANCE CO.**  
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**\$664,021**  
We insure only strictly FARMERS' INTERESTS  
ANY one doing business in the  
broader protection of their property.

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 Hastings, (State Treas. Wis.)  
 Stephen Miller, (Gov. of Minn.)  
 G. E. MONTAGUE, General  
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**FAMILY DYE CO.**  
Patented October 13, 1907

For **SK**  
Blue,  
Blue,  
Blue,  
Blue,  
Brown  
Brown,  
Brown,  
Brown,  
Brown,  
Brown,

**PERFECT FAST COLORS**



Drab,  
Drab,  
Drab,  
Fawn  
b.



Silks, Woolen and  
Mawls, Scarfs, Dresses, Ribbons,  
Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, C  
ren's Clothing, and all kin  
of Wearing Apparel.

**SAVING OF \$0 PER**  
25 cents you can color as many  
otherwise cost five times that.  
ades can be produced from the  
uccess is simple, and any one  
with perfect success. Direction  
n and German, inside of each p  
**HOWE & ST**  
**250 BROADWAY**  
Sale by druggists and dealers g

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Best Tonic in the  
HIGHLY RECOMMENDED  
many of the most p  
successful Physician  
try.

**A PERFECT CURE**  
Dyspepsia, Fever and  
Inflammation of the Stomach, Liver,  
Spleen, Nausea, Heart-burn,  
and all diseases arising from  
disordered State of the  
Stomach or Intestines.

being sold with the most successful all over the world. They never fail to give satisfaction to females and we are made strong by the Bitters. In fact they are kept in every house.

**THE NONE BUT THE**  
*the best can only be*  
*airing for the*  
**INSTITUTION BIT**  


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Northwest,  
E. H. BIGGS, Druggists,  
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 Passengers, Baggage and  
 in the city at the lowest rate  
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**HARVEY OFFICER,**  
 Attorney at Law, Office over Pa  
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for sale at the Daily Press office















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**TRAVELERS**  
**INSURANCE COMPANY,**  
OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.  
INSURES AGAINST ACCIDENTS OF ALL KINDS.  
(Authorized Capital).....\$1,000,000

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CHARLES L. CURRIER, Vice President.  
HENRY W. KING, Treasurer.  
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**AMERICAN INSURANCE CO.,**  
Chartered by the Legislature of Ill, 1855.  
**FREIGHT, ILL.,**  
Free of Port.  
Accumulated Capital, April 1st. \$500,000.  
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CHARLES L. CLARK, Secretary.  
J. H. COOK, General Agent.  
W. H. C. CURRIE, Advertising Agent.  
W. W. WILSON, Asst. Gen. Agent.  
The Board of Directors are represented by  
W. SCHNABEL, State Agent,  
who adjusts and settles all losses.  
Office with Geo. E. Schnabel,  
Offet's Station, St. Paul, Minn.  
sept3-3m  
**M. F. NICHOLS,**  
**INSURANCE AGENT.**  
Metropolitan, New York  
City.

Surplus..... \$50,000,

**Lorillard, New York**  
Capital.....\$1,000,000,  
Surplus..... 300,000,

**Phoenix, New York**  
Capital.....\$1,000,000,  
Surplus..... 450,000

**Mutual Benefit Life**  
Assets.....over \$2,000,000,

OFFICE:

**JANT PAUL**  
Fire and Marine  
**INSURANCE COMPANY.**  
216 3d street, St. Paul, Minn.  
Capital, \$500,000.  
Insures Buildings, Merchandise and other  
property from loss or damage by fire.  
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Furnishes marine insurance on all classes of  
Steam Property, Isolated Dwellings, and their  
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Directors:  
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JOHN T. DRISK,  
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JAMES W. HARRIS,  
WM. F. MURRAY,  
THEODORE BERRY,  
J. C. BURBANK, President,  
S. S. KATON, Secretary,  
and Cashier.

**MADISON MUTUAL**  
**FIRE & LIGHTNING INSURANCE CO.**  
Cash and Surplus Capital  
**\$664,021 67!**

The only strictly FARMERS' INSURANCE COMPANY doing business in the State, and gives a broader protection at less cost than any other Insurance Company in the Northwest.

**All losses Promptly adjusted and paid.**

**OFFICERS.**  
John W. Boyd, President.  
D. Northrup, Secretary.

**F. O. Hastings, (State Treas., W. J. Treasurer)**  
 Hon. S. H. Phillips, (Gov. of Mass.)  
**R. MONTAGUE, General Agent.**  
**P. O. address, LaCrosse, Wis.      LaCrosse, Wis.**

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**FAMILY DYE COLORS**  
**Patented October 13, 1863.**

Black.	Black for Silk	Dark Green	Dark Green
Blue.	Blue for Silk	Light Green	Light Green
Light Blue	Light Blue	Malice	Malice
French Blue	French Blue	Maroon	Maroon
Dark Brown	Dark Brown	Orange	Orange
Dark Brown	Dark Brown	Flax	Flax
Sienna Brown	Sienna Brown	Red	Red
Crimson	Crimson	Salmon	Salmon
Dark Red	Dark Red	Scarlet	Scarlet
Flame Red	Flame Red	Yellow	Yellow
Flame Red	Flame Red	Saffron	Saffron
Drab	Drab	White	White

For Dyeing Silk, Woolen and Mixed Goods  
 Black, Blue, Green, Yellow, Orange, Red,  
 Maroon, Haze, Feathers, Child,  
 rem. Clothing, and all kinds  
 of Wearing Apparel.

**BE A SAVING OF 50 PER CENT.**  
 For 25 cents you can color as many goods  
 as for one dollar five times that time.

ous shades can be produced from the same dye.  
The process is simple, and any one can use it.  
Dye with perfect success. Directions in English,  
French and German, inside of each package.  
HOWARD STEVENS,  
260 BROADWAY, BOSTON.  
For sale by druggists and dealers generally.  
Oct-8-6m

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**HIGHLY RECOMMENDED**

*By many of the most prominent and successful Physicians in country.*

**A PERFECT CURE**

*For Dyspepsia, Fever and Acidity of the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Heart-burn, Flatulency, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the Stomach, Liver or Intestines.*

**CONSTITUTION BITTERS**

*Are being sold with the most*

**USE NONE BUT THE BEST**  
And the best can only be had  
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**CONSTITUTION BITTERS**

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CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.  
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W. K. SWEET & C.  
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Wholesale Agents of Manufacturers  
for Northwest.  
E. H. HIGGINS, Druggist, St. Paul.  
G. F. FARMOS & Co., St. Paul.  
nov7-mid wed

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carries Passengers, Baggage and Freight  
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Sinks' Grocery Store and Fairchild's  
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